	ANC Foster Pty Ltd Safety Management System		Doc No:	PPE
Alkie Alkie			Initial Issue Date	27 Apr 2010
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PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT			Revision No.	0
			Next Revision Date:	27 Apr 2011
Preparation: Safety Mgr	Authority: Director Issuing Dept: Safety		Page:	Page 1 of 12

Purpose

The purpose of this Personal Protective Equipment program is to set forth the procedures for the use, care, and maintenance of personal protective equipment required to be used by employees for the prevention of injuries.

Scope

This program applies to all ANC Foster employees. When work is performed on a non-owned or operated site, the operator's program shall take precedence, however, this document covers ANC Foster employees and contractors and shall be used on owned premises, or when an operator's program doesn't exist or is less stringent.

Key Responsibilities

Safety Manager

- Assists in the selection of appropriate PPE. If a task exposes an employee to hazards which cannot be
 eliminated through engineering or administrative controls, the Safety Manager assists the supervisor and
 project manager to identify and select PPE suitable for the specific task performed, conditions present, and
 frequency and duration of exposure. Employees need to give feedback to the supervisor about the fit,
 comfort, and suitability of the PPE being selected. Employees are provided reasons for selection of PPE.
- Performs Worksite Hazard Assessments The hazard assessment must indicate a determination if hazards
 are present or are likely to be present, which necessitate the use of PPE. Sources of hazards include, but
 are not limited to: hazards from impact/motion, high/low temperatures, chemicals, materials, radiation,
 falling objects, sharp objects, rolling or pinching objects, electrical hazards, and workplace layout.

Managers and Supervisors

- Supervisors and managers shall regularly monitor employees for correct use and care of PPE, and obtain follow-up training if required to ensure each employee has adequate skill, knowledge, and ability to use PPE. Supervisors and managers shall enforce PPE safety requirements.
- The supervisor must inspect the use of PPE at every job to ensure the PPE is being worn correctly and is in a good condition. This includes where appropriate, respiratory equipment and equipment for protection against impact, radiation or heat.

Employees

- Reporting changes in exposure to hazardous conditions that might require a follow-up assessment of the task for PPE.
- Reporting and replacing defective PPE, which shall not be used and wearing of required PPE is a condition of employment.

Procedure

General Requirements

ANC Foster must ensure that:

• The equipment provided is appropriate for the person and controls the risk for that person; and

	ANC Foster Pty Ltd Safety Management System		Doc No:	PPE
All All Co			Initial Issue Date	27 Apr 2010
FOSTER			Revision Date:	Initial Version
DEDCOMAL DEOTECTIVE FOLUDATION			Revision No.	0
PERSONAL PROTECT	PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT			27 Apr 2011
Preparation: Safety Mgr	Authority: Director Issuing Dept: Safety		Page:	Page 2 of 12

• The person is informed of any limitations of the equipment.

If it is not reasonably practicable to eliminate the risk ANC Foster must control the risk.

ANC Foster must ensure that all measures (including procedures and equipment) that are adopted to eliminate or control risks to health and safety are properly used and maintained.

The supervisor and employee should regularly inspect the condition of the PPE and also review the instructions provided with the PPE to determine when the PPE requires replacement.

PPE Compliance Requirements

PPE shall comply with the following standards:

- Safety helmet AS/NZS 1801
- Eye protection AS/NZS 1337 AS/NZS 1338
- Gloves AS/NZS 2161
- Footwear AS/NZS 2210

Safety Glasses

Safety glasses, with side shields are required to be worn by all employees, subcontractors, and visitors while on ANC Foster property, at all times, as described below:

- At field locations, in shops and warehouses, except in approved, designated, striped safety zones.
- In all yard work zones or by everyone when in the vicinity of loading or unloading equipment, performing mechanic or maintenance work, test stand operations, operating equipment such as forklifts, welding, or any type of work which has the potential to inflict an eye injury.
- In any office, restroom, or any other building while performing any type of work where a potential eye injury may be present.
- Visitors will be provided with visitor glasses. In the absence of approved prescription safety glasses, "Over the glass" type safety glasses or goggles, must be worn over the non-safety glasses until approved prescription safety glasses are obtained.

<u>Goggles</u>

- Chemical splash proof goggles shall be worn when handling or mixing liquid chemicals, solvents, paints, etc., and/or as recommended on the Material Safety Data Sheet of the material being handled.
- Dust proof goggles shall be worn when blowing equipment down with air or while performing other jobs where safety glasses are not adequate to prevent airborne particles from entering the openings around the lenses and side shields.

Face Shields

• Full face shields shall be worn over safety glasses when operating hand held or stationery grinders with abrasive or wire wheels, while chipping paint or concrete or, performing jobs where there is the potential for flying objects striking the face and safety glasses or goggles would not provide adequate protection.

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	ANC Foster Pty Ltd Safety Management System		Doc No:	PPE
Alle			Initial Issue Date	27 Apr 2010
FOSTER			Revision Date:	Initial Version
PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT			Revision No.	0
			Next Revision Date:	27 Apr 2011
Preparation: Safety Mgr	Authority: Director Issuing Dept: Safety		Page:	Page 3 of 12

Head Protection

Employees must wear protective helmets when working in areas where there is a potential for injury to the head from employee initiated impact or impact from falling or other moving objects.

- Employees must wear protective helmets when working in areas where there is a potential for injury to the head from falling objects.
- Hardhats are to be worn at all field, shop and warehouse locations, or where deemed necessary as per each location's PPE Hazard Assessment.
- Hardhats will not be altered in any way.
- Do not paint or apply unauthorized stickers, name plates, etc.
- Do not drill, cut, bend, or apply heat.
- Do not alter the suspension system.
- Hardhats will be inspected by the employee regularly for cracks, chips, scratches, signs of heat exposure (sun cracks), etc.
- Defective hardhats will be replaced immediately.
- Hardhats shall not be placed in rear windows of vehicles where they will be exposed to the sun or become projectiles during an accident.
- A supply of hardhats must be made available to visitors.
- ANC Foster shall provide hardhats.
- Employees will be trained in the use, care and maintenance of head protection equipment.

Hearing Protection

Hearing protection is required to be worn by all employees, subcontractors, and visitors while in posted "High Noise" areas.

Warning signs will be posted in areas known or suspected to have noise levels exceeding 85 dBA either constantly or intermittently.

When signs are not posted, employees shall wear hearing protection when noise caused by machinery, tools, etc., prevents normal conversations to be heard clearly.

Types

- Molded Inserts (ear plugs)
- Canal Caps (head band type)
- Muff, either headband or hard hat mounted Earmuffs and earplugs shall be provided to the employee in sizes and configurations that will be comfortable to the employee.

Care and Maintenance

- Inspect hearing protection prior to each use.
- Hearing protection must be kept clean to prevent ear infections.
- Most earplugs used today are disposable and must be discarded when they become dirty, greasy, or cracked
- Earmuffs that have deteriorated foam inserts, cracked seals or are defective must be replaced.

	ANC Foster Pty Ltd Safety Management System		Doc No:	PPE
Alle			Initial Issue Date	27 Apr 2010
FOSTER			Revision Date:	Initial Version
PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT			Revision No.	0
			Next Revision Date:	27 Apr 2011
Preparation: Safety Mgr	Authority: Director Issuing Dept: Safety		Page:	Page 4 of 12

Fit

- Due to individual differences, not everyone can wear the same type of hearing protection. A variety of styles may have to be tried before one is found to be comfortable and provide adequate protection.
- Employees shall be instructed how to obtain the proper fit.

Hand Protection

- Gloves are required to be worn when performing work, which may expose the hands to extreme temperatures, cuts and abrasions, or exposure to chemicals.
- Welding: Welding gloves made of leather or other heat resistant materials shall be worn when performing arc welding or oxy/gas cutting.
- Chemical: Impervious (chemical resistant) gloves shall be worn when handling chemicals that specify gloves as personal protection equipment when handling.
- Refer to the specific chemical's Material Safety Data Sheet for the correct glove type.
- Persons assigned to working with chemicals, i.e., solvent vats, shall be issued their own individual gloves for hygiene purposes.
- Leather: Leather gloves should be worn when working with sharp materials or when handling rigging equipment.
- Cloth: Cloth gloves should be worn when handling objects or materials, which could cause blisters, splinters, cuts, etc.
- Heat Resistant: Heat resistant gloves shall be worn when handling hot bearings, races, or other materials or objects that have been heated beyond ambient temperatures.
- Insulated: Insulated gloves shall be worn to prevent frostbite in extreme cold climates.
- Glove Inspections
 - o Gloves shall be inspected before each use for holes, tears, and worn areas.
 - Chemical gloves shall be periodically air tested for pinholes by twisting the cuff tightly, apply low air pressure to expand the glove, and then submersing in water to check for bubbles.
 - O Defective gloves shall be discarded immediately. Exception: machinists are exempted from wearing gloves while working with rotating machinery.

Foot Protection

Safety footwear shall be worn by all employees with regularly assigned duties at field locations, in shops and warehouses.

- Office workers and visitors who enter these areas on an infrequent basis will not be required to wear foot protection provided they stay clear of the work being performed.
- If required to be in the close proximity of the work, the work will be stopped while visiting the area or safety footwear will be worn.

Shops, Field Locations, Warehouses and Parts Departments: Leather or equivalent boots, either lace up or pull up, shall be worn.

- The boot must provide ankle protection and have soles designed to protect from punctures with defined heels for climbing ladders.
- Metatarsal guards will be worn when duties present a hazard of equipment or material crushing the foot.
- Client locations may require safety footwear to be worn by everyone; check with the local supervisor for client requirements before visiting field locations.

	ANC Foster Pty Ltd Safety Management System		Doc No:	PPE
Alle			Initial Issue Date	27 Apr 2010
FOSTER			Revision Date:	Initial Version
PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT			Revision No.	0
			Next Revision Date:	27 Apr 2011
Preparation: Safety Mgr	Authority: Director Issuing Dept: Safety		Page:	Page 5 of 12

Signage

ANC Foster will ensure that signs must be posted identifying where PPE must be used in accordance with AS 1319 Safety Signs for the Occupational Environment.

Worksite Hazard Assessment

During a hazard assessment the following sample hazard sources will be identified:

- High or low temperatures; Chemical exposures (use MSDS for guidance)
- Flying particles, molten metal or other eye, face, or skin hazards
- Falling objects or potential for dropping objects; employee falling from height
- Sharp objects; Rolling or pinching that could crush the hands or feet;
- Electrical hazards

Where these hazards could cause injury to employees, personal protective equipment must be selected to substantially eliminate the injury potential. Employees will be notified for the selection and reason.

The results of this assessment shall be communicated to each affected employee and kept at the local office.

PPE Maintenance & Storage

The employee must be instructed as part of the formal training on how to maintain the PPE in a clean and hygienic manner

The supervisor should regularly inspect the condition of the PPE to ensure the PPE is maintained in a clean and hygienic manner.

The employee must be instructed as part of the formal training on how to store the PPE.

The supervisor should regularly inspect the storage of the PPE to ensure the PPE is stored correctly.

Monitoring

Supervisors and site managers monitor worksite tasks for changes in, or the introduction of new hazards. If new hazards are discovered, they advise the Safety Manager who then conducts a hazard assessment for appropriate PPE. The Safety Manager monitors the effectiveness of the PPE Procedure and makes recommendations to management to improve the procedure.

Training

The instruction and training provided to the person should be formalised by entering the training on the persons Training Register.

Each employee who requires PPE shall be properly trained. Training shall include:

- When PPE is necessary.
- What PPE is necessary.
- How to properly don, doff, adjust and wear PPE.
- The limitations of PPE.

	ANC Foster Pty Ltd Safety Management System		Doc No:	PPE
Alle			Initial Issue Date	27 Apr 2010
FOSTER			Revision Date:	Initial Version
DEDCOMAL DEOTECTIVE FOLUDATENT			Revision No.	0
PERSONAL PROTEC	PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT			27 Apr 2011
Preparation: Safety Mgr	Authority: Director Issuing Dept: Safety		Page:	Page 6 of 12

• How to maintain PPE in a sanitary and reliable condition.

Retraining

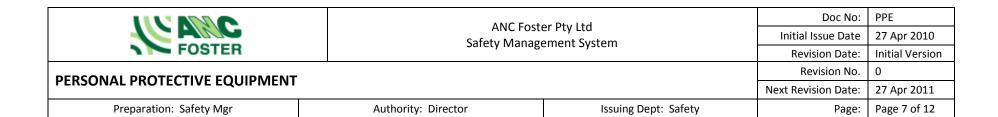
Retraining is required when:

- The workplace changes, making the previous training obsolete.
- The type of PPE changes.
- When the employee demonstrates lack of use, improper use, or insufficient skill or understanding in PPE selection, necessity, use and limitations.

Documentation

Training shall be documented and records kept at the local office. The training documentation shall include:

- Name of employee(s) trained;
- The dates of training; and
- The training subject.



PPE Matrix For ANC Foster Location:Insert Location or Work Site D = Depends on situation M = Mandatory -= Not Mandatory unless hazards become present SUBJECT TO CHANGE BASED ON INDIVIDUAL WORKSITE HAZARD ASSESSMENT CHANGE ALL AS NEEDED			Job/Task	Field Tech	Housekeeping	Driving	Office Hot or Cold Conditions	
CATEGORY	EQUIPMENT	HAZARD	INSPECTION	MAINTENANCE	Hie	윈	الم	5 운
Head Protection:								
	Hard Hat (Class G or E Only)	Striking Head or Falling Objects	Each use	Dispose	-	- C) -	
Eye and Face Protection:								
	Safety Glasses w/shields	Objects Striking Eyes	Each use	Dispose	D	D N	1 *	- M
	Impact Vented Goggles	Small Particles in Eyes	Each use	Dispose	-	- C) -	- D
	Chemical Splash Goggles	Chemicals or Oil in Eyes	Each use	Dispose	D	D D) -	- -
Hearing Protection:								
	Disposable Earplugs	Damage to Hearing	Each use	Dispose	D	D D	- (
	Ear Muffs (w/Disposables)	Damage to Hearing	Each use	Dispose	D	D D) -	
Personal Protective Clothin	g:							
	Hot or Cold Weather Clothing	Hot or Cold Temperature	Each use	Clean & Repair	D	D C	D	- D
	Rainwear	Wet body	Each use	Dispose	-	- C	- (
	Protective Sleeves	Biohazardous materials	Each use	Dispose	- 1	М -		
	Insert more or delete as needed							
Foot Protection:								
	Slip Resistant Footwear	Injury to Body	Each use	Replace	M			
	Anti-Slip Cleats when ice or snow is present	Injury to Body	Each use	Dispose	M	M N	1 -	- M
Hand Protection:	and Protection:							
	Anti-cut Gloves	Cuts	Each use	Dispose	M	D N	1 -	
	Vinyl Disposable Gloves	Biohazardous materials	Each use	Dispose	- 1	М -		
	Heavy Duty Gloves	Injuries to Hands	Each use	Dispose	<u> </u>	- N	1 -	_
	Cold weather Gloves	Environmental Exposure	Each use	Dispose	- [- [-	- [-	- M
	Rubber Gloves	Hot Water Burns	Each use	Dispose	М		-	



ANC Foster Pty Ltd Safety Management System

Doc No:	PPE
Initial Issue Date	27 Apr 2010
Revision Date:	Initial Version
Revision No.	0
Next Revision Date:	27 Apr 2011

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT Preparation: Safety Mgr Authority: Director Issuing Dept: Safety Page: Page 8 of 12

PPE Hazard Assessment Certification Form

Name of work place: Work place address: Work area(s):		Date of assessment:	
EYES Work activities, such as: abrasive blasting chopping cutting drilling welding soldering torch brazing working outdoors computer work punch press operations other:	Work-related exposure to: airborne dust dirt UV flying particles/objects blood splashes hazardous liquid chemicals mists chemical splashes molten metal splashes glare/high intensity lights laser operations intense light hot sparks other:	Can hazard be eliminated without the use of PPE? Yes No If no, use: With: Safety glasses Safety goggles Dust-tight goggles Impact goggles Welding helmet/shield Chemical goggles Chemical splash goggles Laser goggles Shading/Filter (#) Welding shield Other:	
FACE Work activities, such as: cleaning cooking siphoning painting dip tank operations metal pouring other:	Work-related exposure to: hazardous liquid chemicals extreme heat extreme cold potential irritants: other:	Can hazard be eliminated without the use of PPE? Yes No If no, use: Face shield Shading/Filter (#) Welding shield Other:	



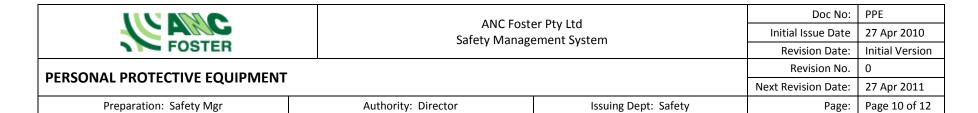
ANC Foster Pty Ltd Safety Management System

Doc No:	PPE
Initial Issue Date	27 Apr 2010
Revision Date:	Initial Version
Revision No.	0
Next Revision Date:	27 Apr 2011

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Preparation: Safety Mgr Authority: Director Issuing Dept: Safety Page: Page 9 of 12

HEAD		
Work activities, such as: □ building maintenance □ confined space operations □ construction □ electrical wiring □ walking/working under catwalks □ walking/working on catwalks □ walking/working under conveyor belts □ working with/around conveyor belts □ walking/working under crane loads □ other:	Work-related exposure to: beams pipes exposed electrical wiring or components falling objects fixed object machine parts other:	Can hazard be eliminated without the use of PPE? Yes No Hr no, use: Protective Helmet Type A (low voltage) Type B (high voltage) Type C Bump cap (not approved) Hair net or soft cap Other:
HANDS/ARMS Work activities, such as: baking cooking grinding welding working with glass using power tools using computers working outdoors using knives dental and health care services garbage disposal computer work other:	Work-related exposure to: blood irritating chemicals tools or materials that could scrape or cut extreme heat extreme cold animal bites electric shock vibration musculoskeletal disorders sharps injury other:	Can hazard be eliminated without the use of PPE? Yes No



EEET/LEGS		
Work activities, such as: building maintenance construction demolition food processing foundry work working outdoors logging plumbing trenching use of highly flammable materials welding other:	Work-related exposure to: explosive atmospheres explosives exposed electrical wiring or components heavy equipment slippery surfaces impact from objects pinch points crushing slippery/wet surface sharps injury blood chemical splash chemical penetration extreme heat/cold fall other:	Can hazard be eliminated without the use of PPE? Yes No Soles If no, use: Safety shoes or boots Toe protection Electrical protection Heat/cold protection Puncture resistance Chemical resistance Anti-slip soles Leggings or chaps Foot-Leg guards Other:
BODY/SKIN		
Work activities such as: baking or frying battery charging dip tank operations fiberglass installation sawing other:	Work-related exposure to: chemical splashes extreme heat extreme cold sharp or rough edges irritating chemicals other:	Can hazard be eliminated without the use of PPE? Yes No No With: If no, use: Vest, Jacket Coveralls, Body suit Raingear Apron Welding leathers Abrasion/cut resistance Other:



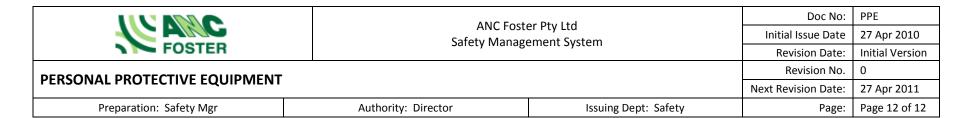
ANC Foster Pty Ltd Safety Management System

Doc No:	PPE
Initial Issue Date	27 Apr 2010
Revision Date:	Initial Version
Revision No.	0
Next Revision Date:	27 Δnr 2011

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

•			Next Revision Date:	27 Apr 2011
Preparation: Safety Mgr	Authority: Director	Issuing Dept: Safety	Page:	Page 11 of 12

BODY/WHOLE		
Work activities such as: building maintenance construction logging computer work working outdoors utility work other:	Work-related exposure to: working from heights of 10 feet or more impact from flying objects impact from moving vehicles sharps injury blood electrical/static discharge hot metal musculoskeletal disorders sparks chemicals extreme heat/cold elevated walking/working surface working near water injury from slip/trip/fall other:	Can hazard be eliminated without the use of PPE? Yes
LUNGS/RESPIRATORY		
Work activities such as: cleaning mixing painting fiberglass installation compressed air or gas operations confined space work floor installation ceiling repair working outdoors other:	Work-related exposure to: dust or particulate toxic gas/vapour chemical irritants (acids) welding fume asbestos pesticides organic vapours oxygen deficient environment paint spray extreme heat/cold other:	Can hazard be eliminated without the use of PPE? Yes



EARS/HEARING			
Work activities such as: generator ventilation fans motors sanding pneumatic equipment punch or brake presses use of conveyors other:	grinding machining routers sawing sparks	Work-related exposure to: ☐ loud noises ☐ loud work environment ☐ noisy machines/tools ☐ punch or brake presses ☐ other:	Can hazard be eliminated without the use of PPE? Yes No If no, use: ear muffs ear plugs leather welding hood